

# TITLE X'S ROLE Wisconsin

National  
**Family Planning**  
& Reproductive Health Association

The Title X ("ten") family planning program is critical to providing and maintaining access to family planning services for people with low and no incomes and people who are un- or under-insured. This mission has been threatened by years of insufficient funding and politically motivated attacks, leaving millions without access to federally supported services.

## 2023 GRANTEES

**\$3,032,830**

Wisconsin Department  
of Health Services

## STATE FACTS



**5%**

PEOPLE WITHOUT HEALTH  
INSURANCE, 2021



**468,365**

WOMEN AGES 15-49 WITH  
INCOMES AT OR BELOW  
250% FPL, 2021



**UNCLEAR**

LEGAL CUT-OFF FOR  
ABORTION, MARCH 2023<sup>2</sup>



**80,791**

WOMEN AGES 15-49  
WITHOUT HEALTH  
INSURANCE, 2021



**306% FPL**

CUTOFF FOR MEDICAID  
FAMILY PLANNING ELIGIBILITY  
FOR ADULTS, 2023<sup>1</sup>

## FIVE YEAR LOOK BACK<sup>3,4</sup>

**47,730**

PATIENTS  
SEEN AT

**48**

HEALTH CENTERS  
IN

**22,386**

PATIENTS  
SEEN AT

**48**

HEALTH CENTERS  
IN

**8,235**

PATIENTS  
SEEN AT

**39**

HEALTH CENTERS  
IN

**8,178**

PATIENTS  
SEEN AT

**36**

HEALTH CENTERS  
IN

**DATA  
COMING IN  
FALL 2023**

**2018**

**\$4,545,000**

Planned Parenthood  
of Wisconsin  
Wisconsin Department  
of Health Services

**2019**

**\$3,800,000**

Wisconsin Department  
of Health Services

**2020**

**\$3,960,000**

Wisconsin Department  
of Health Services

**2021**

**\$4,243,418**

Wisconsin Department  
of Health Services

**2022**

**\$3,732,830**

Wisconsin Department  
of Health Services

<sup>1</sup> If a state has no federally funded family planning expansion, the percentage given is for childless adults to access full benefit Medicaid.

<sup>2</sup> Wisconsin state law is not clear on abortion. As such, there are no providers currently offering care in the state.

<sup>3</sup> The grantees list includes any grantee that was awarded funds in that year. Additional organizations may have had funds for a grant that ended partway through the year.

<sup>4</sup> This count includes any service site that participated for any portion of the year.

## TITLE X PATIENTS BY SEX

The Office of Population Affairs collected only binary sex data

82%

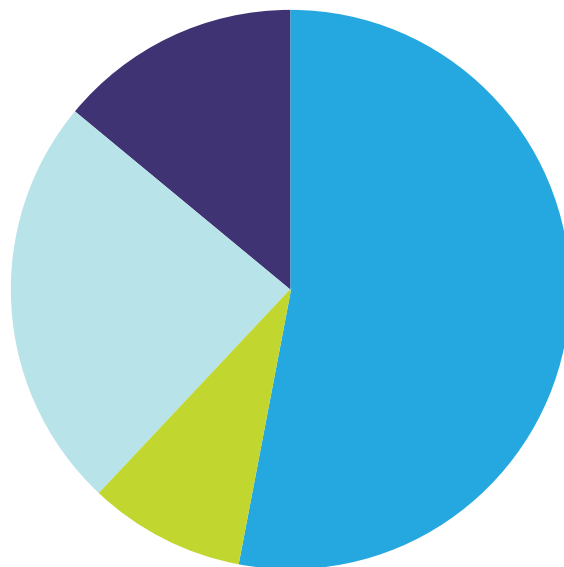
FEMALE

18%

MALE

CASES DIAGNOSED  
STATEWIDE<sup>5</sup>

	2016		2019
Chlamydia	26,894	↑	29,080
Gonorrhea	6,498	↑	8,846
Syphilis	423	↑	569
Congenital Syphilis	1	↑	2
HIV	229	↓	212

TITLE X PATIENTS  
BY INSURANCE STATUS

53%

PUBLIC

9%

PRIVATE

24%

UNINSURED

15%

UNKNOWN

## TITLE X PATIENTS BY INCOME LEVEL

Relative to the Federal  
Poverty Level (FPL)

## CARE AT NO COST

## DISCOUNTED FEE

## FULL FEE

39%

26%

16%

19%

## BELOW 101% OF FPL

Less than \$12,880  
for an individual

## 101%–250% OF FPL

\$12,880 – \$32,200

## MORE THAN 250% OF FPL

More than \$32,200

INCOME  
UNKNOWN<sup>5</sup>The CDC recommends using 2019 as a comparison year given challenges with data collection in 2020. Data is not yet available for any more recent year.