

TITLE X'S ROLE Minnesota

National
Family Planning
& Reproductive Health Association

The Title X ("ten") family planning program is critical to providing and maintaining access to family planning services for people with low and no incomes and people who are un- or under-insured. This mission has been threatened by years of insufficient funding and politically motivated attacks, leaving millions without access to federally supported services.

2023 GRANTEES

\$3,566,630 Planned Parenthood North Central States
Ramsey County Public Health

STATE FACTS



4%

PEOPLE WITHOUT HEALTH INSURANCE, 2021



391,106

WOMEN AGES 15-49 WITH INCOMES AT OR BELOW 250% FPL, 2021



24*
WEEKS

LEGAL CUT-OFF FOR ABORTION, MARCH 2023²



64,697

WOMEN AGES 15-49 WITHOUT HEALTH INSURANCE, 2021



200% FPL

CUTOFF FOR MEDICAID FAMILY PLANNING ELIGIBILITY FOR ADULTS, 2023¹

FIVE YEAR LOOK BACK^{3,4}

56,664

PATIENTS SEEN AT

38

HEALTH CENTERS IN

2018

\$2,791,000

Planned Parenthood Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota
Ramsey County Public Health

36,426

PATIENTS SEEN AT

38

HEALTH CENTERS IN

2019

\$3,300,000

Planned Parenthood North Central States
Ramsey County Public Health

2,286

PATIENTS SEEN AT

7

HEALTH CENTERS IN

2020

\$760,000

Ramsey County Public Health

2,256

PATIENTS SEEN AT

7

HEALTH CENTERS IN

2021

\$663,041

Ramsey County Public Health

DATA
COMING IN
FALL 2023

2022

\$4,772,545

Planned Parenthood North Central States
Ramsey County Public Health

¹ If a state has no federally funded family planning expansion, the percentage given is for childless adults to access full benefit Medicaid.

² 24* indicates that state law bars abortion after fetal viability, which providers may determine on an individual basis, so the deadline may be later. Abortions may also be permitted in certain circumstances after viability. However, in certain states with this cut-off there are not clinics that offer care to the legal limit.

³ The grantees list includes any grantee that was awarded funds in that year. Additional organizations may have had funds for a grant that ended partway through the year.

⁴ This count includes any service site that participated for any portion of the year.

Minnesota

TITLE X PATIENTS BY SEX

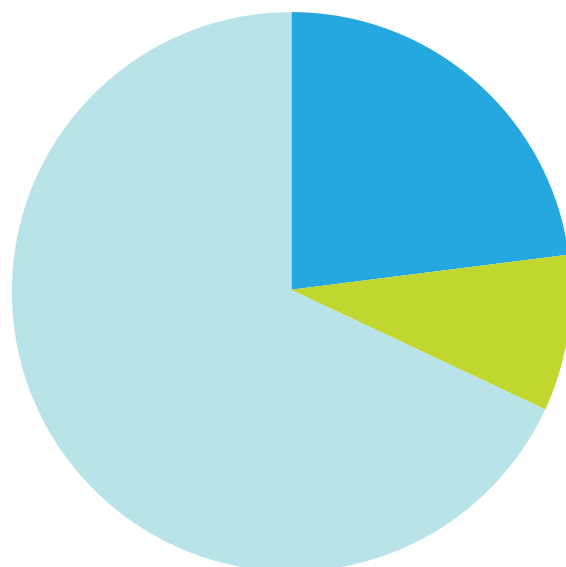
The Office of Population Affairs collected only binary sex data



CASES DIAGNOSED STATEWIDE⁵

	2016		2019
Chlamydia	22,685	↑	24,470
Gonorrhea	5,104	↑	8,013
Syphilis	853	↑	1,127
Congenital Syphilis	7	↑	21
HIV	297	↓	273

TITLE X PATIENTS BY INSURANCE STATUS



23% PUBLIC 9% PRIVATE 68% UNINSURED 0% UNKNOWN

TITLE X PATIENTS BY INCOME LEVEL

Relative to the Federal Poverty Level (FPL)

CARE AT NO COST

DISCOUNTED FEE

FULL FEE



69%

15%

9%

8%

BELOW 101% OF FPL

Less than \$12,880
for an individual

101%–250% OF FPL

\$12,880 – \$32,200

MORE THAN 250% OF FPL

More than \$32,200

INCOME UNKNOWN

⁵The CDC recommends using 2019 as a comparison year given challenges with data collection in 2020. Data is not yet available for any more recent year.