

TITLE X'S ROLE Illinois

National
Family Planning
& Reproductive Health Association

The Title X ("ten") family planning program is critical to providing and maintaining access to family planning services for people with low and no incomes and people who are un- or under-insured. This mission has been threatened by years of insufficient funding and politically motivated attacks, leaving millions without access to federally supported services.

2023 GRANTEES

\$8,642,500 Aunt Martha's Health & Wellness
Illinois Department of Public Health
Indiana Family Health Council

STATE FACTS



7%

PEOPLE WITHOUT HEALTH INSURANCE, 2021



1,047,983

WOMEN AGES 15-49 WITH INCOMES AT OR BELOW 250% FPL, 2021



24*
WEEKS

LEGAL CUT-OFF FOR ABORTION, MARCH 2023²



251,618

WOMEN AGES 15-49 WITHOUT HEALTH INSURANCE, 2021



138% FPL

CUTOFF FOR MEDICAID FAMILY PLANNING ELIGIBILITY FOR ADULTS, 2023¹

FIVE YEAR LOOK BACK^{3,4}

112,426

PATIENTS
SEEN AT

97

HEALTH CENTERS
IN

2018

\$8,793,000

Aunt Martha's Youth Service Center
Illinois Department of Public Health
Planned Parenthood of Illinois

79,438

PATIENTS
SEEN AT

100

HEALTH CENTERS
IN

2019

\$8,000,000

Aunt Martha's Youth Service Center
Illinois Department of Public Health
Planned Parenthood of Illinois

13,970

PATIENTS
SEEN AT

15

HEALTH CENTERS
IN

2020

\$2,918,692

Aunt Martha's Youth Service Center
Indiana Family Health Council
Pathway Health Clinic

14,196

PATIENTS
SEEN AT

18

HEALTH CENTERS
IN

2021

\$2,956,731

Aunt Martha's Youth Service Center
Indiana Family Health Council
Pathway Health Clinic

**DATA
COMING IN
FALL 2023**

2022

\$8,642,500

Aunt Martha's Youth Service Center
Illinois Department of Health
Indiana Family Health Council

¹ If a state has no federally funded family planning expansion, the percentage given is for childless adults to access full benefit Medicaid.

² 24* indicates that state law bars abortion after fetal viability, which providers may determine on an individual basis, so the deadline may be later. Abortions may also be permitted in certain circumstances after viability. However, in certain states with this cut-off there are not clinics that offer care to the legal limit.

³ The grantees list includes any grantee that was awarded funds in that year. Additional organizations may have had funds for a grant that ended partway through the year.

⁴ This count includes any service site that participated for any portion of the year.

TITLE X PATIENTS BY SEX

The Office of Population Affairs collected only binary sex data

87%

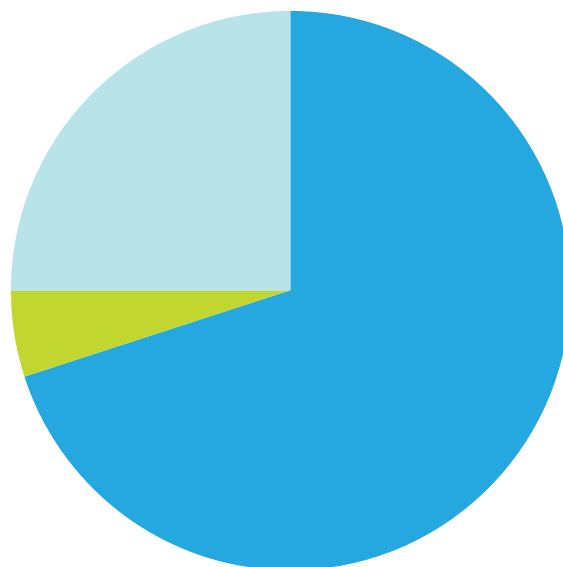
FEMALE

13%

MALE

CASES DIAGNOSED
STATEWIDE⁵

	2016		2019
Chlamydia	72,201	↑	81,012
Gonorrhea	21,199	↑	29,272
Syphilis	4,039	↑	4,511
Congenital Syphilis	18	↑	32
HIV	1,476	↓	1,257

TITLE X PATIENTS
BY INSURANCE STATUS

70%

PUBLIC

5%

PRIVATE

25%

UNINSURED

0%

UNKNOWN

TITLE X PATIENTS BY INCOME LEVEL

Relative to the Federal
Poverty Level (FPL)

CARE AT NO COST

DISCOUNTED FEE

FULL FEE

78%

19%

2%

0%

BELOW 101% OF FPL

Less than \$12,880
for an individual

101%–250% OF FPL

\$12,880 – \$32,200

MORE THAN 250% OF FPL

More than \$32,200

INCOME
UNKNOWN⁵The CDC recommends using 2019 as a comparison year given challenges with data collection in 2020. Data is not yet available for any more recent year.