

Title X in Maryland Improving Public Health and Saving Taxpayer Dollars

Between FY2005 – FY2015, funding for Title X was cut by \$150 million – 10% in ten fiscal years.

Title X Served 64,060 Maryland Residents in 2015

The Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene Center for Maternal and Child Health is the sole Title X grantee in Maryland, ⁱ supporting 68 Title X-funded health centers across the state including local health department service sites, Planned Parenthoods, and school-based health centers.ⁱⁱ The Title X network served 57,606 women and 6,454 men, for a total of 64,060 residents of Maryland in 2015.ⁱⁱⁱ

Title X provides high-quality family planning services and other preventive health care to low-income and uninsured individuals who may otherwise lack access to health care.

- Of the 64,060 patients served, 84% had incomes at or below 100% of the federal poverty level (FPL), iv meaning they earned \$11,770 a year or less. v
- Ninety-four percent of Title X patients in Maryland earned less than \$29,425.vi a year (250% of the FPL).vii

Title X Saves Maryland's Taxpayer Dollars

Title X supports critical infrastructure needs that are not reimbursable under Medicaid and commercial insurance, such as staff salaries, individual patient education, community-level outreach, and public education about family planning, women's health, and sexual health issues. Without Title X, access to high-quality family planning services for low-income Maryland residents would not be possible.

- The average cost of a Medicaid-funded birth is \$14,760.viii In 2010, births resulting from unintended pregnancies cost Maryland's taxpayers \$466.2 million.ix
- The Title X program helps alleviate the costs of unintended pregnancy through contraception, counseling, and other services.*

Title X is Essential to Improving Public Health and Saving Taxpayer Dollars in Maryland

Cutting funding for family planning services will lead to more unintended pregnancies and higher health care costs in Maryland. Family planning helps women and families plan the timing and spacing of their pregnancies, which results in better educational attainment and economic security; these, in turn, are linked to better health outcomes for women, men, and families.

- Family planning services at Maryland's Title X-funded health centers helped prevent 15,000 unintended pregnancies in 2014, which would likely have resulted in 7,300 unintended births and 5,400 abortions.xi
- Without publicly funded family planning, the number of unintended pregnancies in Maryland would be 21% higher.xii
- Title X-funded services produce significant cost savings to the federal and state governments; services provided at Title X-

Maryland's Title X-funded health centers provide a wide range of services:

- Pregnancy testing
- Contraceptive services
- Pelvic exams
- Screening for cervical and breast cancer
- Screening for high blood pressure, anemia, and diabetes
- Screening for STDs and HIV/AIDS
- Infertility services
- Health education
- Referrals for other health and social services

supported sites in Maryland accounted for nearly \$147.8 million in such savings in 2010 alone.xiii

Additional cuts to Title X funding—especially in the current economy—would harm hundreds of thousands of low-income and poor families throughout Maryland, in turn costing, not saving, the federal government money.

- * Guttmacher Institute, Contraceptive Needs and Services, 2010, accessed September 15, 2015,
- https://www.guttmacher.org/pubs/win/contraceptive-needs-2013.pdf.
- ^{xi} Guttmacher Institute Data Center.

xiii Guttmacher Institute Data Center.

For more information, please contact the National Family Planning & Reproductive Health Association at (202) 293-3114 or visit www.nationalfamilyplanning.org.

ⁱ Department of Health and Human Services. *Title X Family Planning Directory of Grantees*. August 2016. Accessed December 1, 2016. http://www.hhs.gov/opa/sites/default/files/title-x-directory-grantees.pdf.

ⁱⁱ "Impact of Title X Funding Cuts in Maryland." National Family Planning and Reproductive Health Association. Last modified September 2016. Accessed December 1, 2016. <u>http://www.nationalfamilyplanning.org/file/Maryland_ImpactMap_FactSheet_R4.pdf</u>.

Department of Health and Human Services Office of Population Affairs. *Title X Family Planning Annual Report 2015 National Summary*.
August 2016. Accessed December 1, 2016. http://www.hhs.gov/opa/sites/default/files/title-x-fpar-2015.pdf.
V Ibid.

^v Department of Health and Human Services Office of the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation. "2015 Poverty Guidelines." Last modified September 3, 2015. Accessed December 1, 2016. https://aspe.hhs.gov/2015-poverty-guidelines.

vi Title X Family Planning Annual Report 2015 National Summary.

vii "2015 Poverty Guidelines."

viii "Guttmacher Institute Data Center." *Guttmacher Institute*. https://data.guttmacher.org/states/table?dataset=data. i× *Ibid*.

xⁱⁱ Guttmacher Institute. "State Facts on Publicly Funded Family Planning Services: Maryland." Guttmacher. Last modified September 2016. Accessed December 1, 2016. <u>https://www.guttmacher.org/fact-sheet/state-facts-publicly-funded-family-planning-services-maryland</u>