GEORGIA

Title X-funded health centers helped women avoid one million unintended pregnancies in 2013, which prevented 501,000 unplanned births and 345,000 abortions.

Despite these positive health impacts, federal funding for Title X has shrunk, and now fewer low-income and uninsured people across the country, and in Georgia, are able to access family planning and sexual health services funded by Title X.

CONSEQUENCES OF FUNDING LOSSES



42,200 more women in need of publicly funded

of publicly funded contraceptive services and supplies

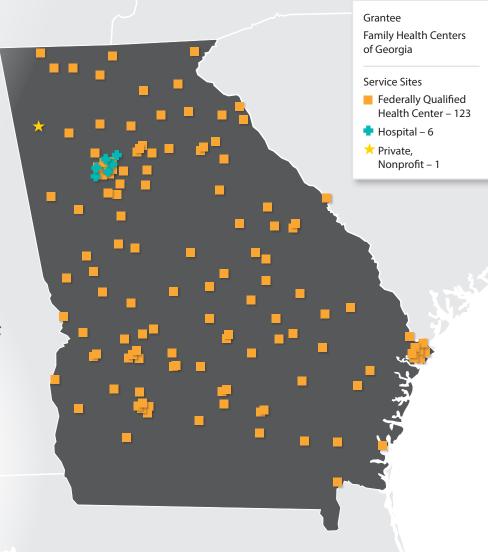


12%

decrease

in the network's capacity to meet the need for publicly funded family planning services





	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	Net Change
NATIONAL							
Funding	\$317.5 M	\$299.4 M	\$293.9 M	\$278.3 M	\$286.5 M	\$286.5 M	-\$31 M
Patients	5,224,862	5,021,711	4,763,797	4,557,824	4,129,283	4,018,015	-1,095,579
GEORGIA							
Funding	\$8,832,547	\$8,380,100	\$8,388,378	\$7,819,345	\$7,819,300	\$7,820,000	-\$1,012,547
Patients	135,842	134,421	126,992	115,307	102,323	86,309	-49,533

WHY TITLE X MATTERS

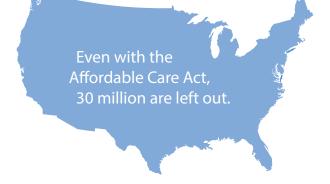
I rely on my provider to provide quality care when I need it.

My provider is trustworthy and supportive It's where I prefer to go to get the high-quality health care I count on.



CONFIDENTIAL Title Y quarantees

confidentiality protections that cannot be found elsewhere.





6 out of 10 women who turn to Title X family planning say it is their regular source for care.