

IMPLEMENTING THE SINC **QUESTION IN** FAMILY PLANNING SETTINGS





CONTRIBUTORS

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Objectives

As a result of this peer-to-peer session, attendees will be able to:

- Define the Self-Identified Need for Contraception (or "SINC") question
- Describe the benefit of using a "service-bound" question to assess patients' desire for contraceptive services
- Review two examples of Title X projects that have implemented the SINC question
- Explore strategies for implementing the SINC question in your own health centers and family planning networks



Self-Identified Need for Contraception (SINC):

Background, development, and recommendations for use

Erin Wingo, MSPH Person-Centered Reproductive Health Program, University of California, San Francisco

2024 NFPRHA National Conference



Approaches to screening for contraceptive need

Pregnancy intention
approach
(e.g., One Key Question):

Asks patients if they want to get pregnant within a year

Service needs approach (e.g., SINC):

Asks patients which services they would like today



Limitations of pregnancy intention screening

- Planning paradigm does not resonate for many patients
- People who do not want to become pregnant now may also want to learn how to have a healthy pregnancy
- Some people use contraception for reasons other than preventing pregnancy
- Not consistent with how people want to be asked about their reproductive needs
- People who want to become pregnant in a year may want to prevent pregnancy now



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Women's Perspectives on Reproductive Health Services in Primary Care

Meredith G. Manze, PhD, MPH; Diana R. Romero, PhD, MA; Annie Sumberg, MPH; Monica Gagnon, MPH; Lynn Roberts, PhD; Heidi Jones, PhD, MPH



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Contraception

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/con



Original Research Article

Primary care patients' preferences for reproductive health service needs assessment and service availability in New York Federally Qualified Health Centers *,**



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Comparison of pregnancy intention and desire to prevent pregnancy now

	ONE KEY QUESTION			
		Want to become pregnant In a year	Ambivalent	Don't want to become pregnant in a year
	Want to prevent pregnancy now	30%	54%	92%
CURRENT PREGNANCY	Ambivalent	6%	13%	3%
PREVENTION	Don't want to prevent pregnancy now	64%	33%	5%



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Introducing the SINC screening question

We ask everyone about their reproductive health needs. Do you want to talk about contraception or pregnancy prevention during your visit today?

If yes:

Mark yes and ensure appropriate counseling is provided

If no:

- Clarification Prompt: "There are a lot of reasons why a person wouldn't want to talk about this, and you don't have to share anything you don't want to. Do any of these apply to you?" (mark all that apply)
 - ✓ I'm here for something else
 - ✓ This question does not apply to me
 - ✓ I prefer not to answer
 - ✓ I am already using contraception (and what)
 - ✓ I am unsure or don't want to use contraception
 - ✓ I am hoping to become pregnant in the near future.



SINC Development

- Goal of developing question that would identify which patients wanted contraceptive services in a feasible and person-centered way
- Question and response options designed in collaboration with Reproductive Justice experts, Drs. Joia Crear-Perry & Jamila Perritt, & NACHC



SINC in Practice

- Standardized item for EHR systems (Data Element #41)
- Designed to be:
 - Asked by a provider OR person who screens patients before seeing the provider (e.g. medical assistant, health educator, nurse)
 - Asked of patients at least once a year
- Implementation guidance provides support on how to initiate tailored counseling based on patient response (available at: pcrhp.ucsf.edu/SINC)



SINC in Practice: "No" Responses

Suggestions for following up on specific responses:

I'm here for something else	Consider asking this patient again at a future visit or asking them if they would like to schedule a follow-up visit to discuss contraception options.
This question does not apply to me / I prefer not to answer	Consider asking if they wish to skip this question in the future. Make sure their preference is flagged in the her.
I am already using contraception (and what)	If they share what method they are using, document their current method in their record, and assess if they need refills.
I am unsure or don't want to use contraception	If they are unsure about using contraception, consider asking this patient again at a future visit, or offer to schedule an appointment to talk about contraception. If they want to skip this question in the future, flag this preference in the EHR.
I am hoping to become pregnant in the near future (or alternatively, I am hoping to have a child in the near future)	Consider asking if they want to talk about having a healthy pregnancy with their provider or offer to schedule an appointment to talk about this.

Thank you!

Erin Wingo

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Implementation guidance available at:

pcrhp.ucsf.edu/SINC

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Implementing the SINC Question in Family Planning Settings

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Vice President of Measurement, Learning and Evaluation

Converge: Partners in Access

National Family Planning and Reproductive Health Association Annual Conference 2024

Setting the Stage

- ✓ Converge is the Title X Grantee for MS and TN
- ✓ We work with third-party data management system Ahlers Software to collect FPAR data for our sub-recipients
- ✓ Clinical Visit Record (CVR) used to collect FPAR data and includes Data Element 41
- ✓ Limitations on clinical workflow guidance, but some TA is provided



Data Element 41

- <u>Data Element 41 – Do you want to talk about contraception or pregnancy prevention during your visit today? Should agencies only report this if they ask clients "Do you want to talk about contraception or pregnancy prevention during your visit today?" or can the question be answered based on information provided as a part of the client's visit?</u>

Data element #41 is the self-identified need for contraception, part of the eCQM under development at UCSF under grant funding from OPA. Because it is not yet an endorsed measure, it's only to be reported if (a) it's already included in the grantees' EHR and (b) if it's part of the clinical visit.



Data Element 41 on CVR

MISSISSIPPI CLINIC VISIT RECORD

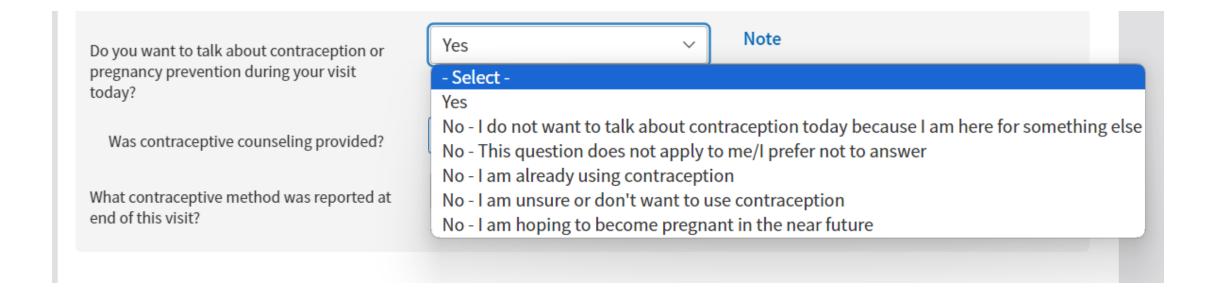
COMPLETE AT FIRST VISIT, UPDATE FOR CHANGES AND	AT ANNUAL EXAM CLINIC NO		
CLIENT# DATE OF BIRTH -			
RACE (check all that apply) Description: RACE (check all that apply) BP			
SEXUAL ORIENTATION 1. Bisexual 3. Straight/Heterosexual 5. Unknown 2. Lesbian/Gay/Homosexual 4. Other/Something Else 6. Declined to Answer MONTHLY INCOME HOUSEHOLD SIZE 04. Male to Female/Trans Female 08. Unknown			
4. VISIT DATE	16. HOW CONTRACEPTIVE METHOD WAS PROVIDED 1-On-site 2-Referral 3-Prescription 4-N/A		
01-Initial Preventive			
O2-Annual Preventive	18. PREGNANCY INTENTION 1-Yes 2-Okay Either Way 3-No 4-Unsure		
□ 03-Problem Re-Visit □ 08-STD Screening/Tx 14. DO YOU WANT TO TALK ABOUT CONTRACEPTION OR PREGNANCY TODAY? □ 01. Yes − I want to talk about contraception.	10. PROVIDERS OF MEDICAL/COUNSELING SERVICES (check all applicable 1-Physicians 2-NP 5-PA 3-RN, LPN 6-CNM		
No – I don't want to talk about contraception: 02. I'm here for something else. 03. This question doesn't apply to me.	1. REFERRED ELSEWHERE (check all applicable) 01-Abnormal Pap FU 02-Abnormal Breast FU		
04. I prefer not to answer05. I'm already using contraception06. I'm unsure or don't want to use contraception07. I'm hoping to become pregnant in the near future.	12.MEDICAL SERVICES PROVIDED EXAMS AND LAB SERVICES STD O1-Pap Conventional 06-GC Test O2-Pap Liquid Based 07-CT Test		
15. TELEHEALTH VISIT? 1-Yes 72-No	03-Clinical Breast Exam 08-RPR/Syphilis		



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Example of Data Element 41 in EHR





Public Health – Seattle & King County's Self-Identified Need for Contraception (SINC) Implementation

Heather Maisen (she/her)
Sexual and Reproductive Health Services Administrator
Public Health – Seattle & King County

Public Health Seattle & King County (PHSKC) Sexual and Reproductive Health (SRH) Program

- King County, WA most populous county in Washington State, and 13th-most populous in the United States
- PHSKC is one of the largest metropolitan health departments in the United States
- PHSKC is an FQHC, under the 330H grant
- PHSKC SRH Program has been a Title X subrecipient since 1971
 - Four stand-alone SRH clinics and three school-based health centers (SBHCs).
 - Patient population represents 60% Black, Indigenous, and People of Color, and 51% as Hispanic/Latinx, 36% people under 25 years old, 30% speak a language other than English, and almost 40% are uninsured.

Implementation Process in Our Title X Sexual and Reproductive Health Clinics







EHR Modification

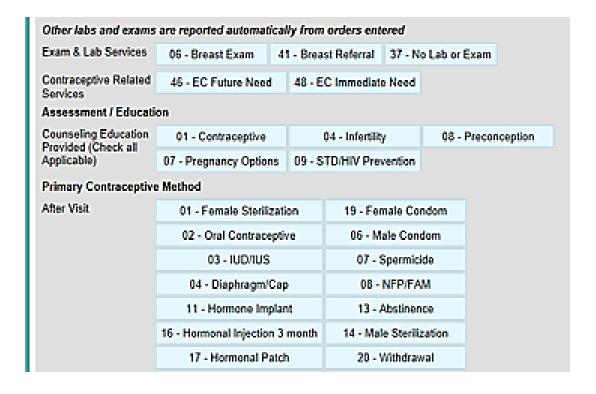
Data Review

Staff Feedback

PHSKC EHR Smartform

PISQ+WA CVR We ask everyone about their reproductive health needs. Pregnancy Intention Screening Question Do you want to Unsure Ok either way Yes No become pregnant or a parent in the next NIA Self-Identified Need for Contraception Do you want to talk Yes No about contraception or pregnancy prevention today? CVR (Reproductive Health Reporting) Primary Contraceptive Method Before Visit 01 - Female Sterilization 19 - Female Condom 02 - Oral Contraceptive 06 - Male Condom 03 - IUD/IUS 07 - Spermicide 04 - Diaphragm/Cap 08 - NFP/FAM 11 - Hormone Implant 13 - Abstinence 16 - Hormonal Injection 3 month 14 - Male Sterilization 17 - Hormonal Patch 20 - Withdrawal 18 - Vaginal Ring 21 - Contraceptive Sponge 09 - Other Method 10 - None Purpose of Visit Annual Medical Exam Counseling Only Initial Medical Exam Other Medical

- Combines PISQ, SINC and CVR data
- Comprehensive snapshot per visit
- User-friendly: Conveniently located and easy-toclick buttons



Data Review

- SINC screening rates and responses
 - 98% of all patients
 - Of those screened:
 - 30% "yes"
 - 68% "no"
- Contraception method provided in that visit
 - 99% of patients who said "yes"
 - 95% of patients who said "no"
 - 9% of patient not screened



Staff Feedback: Reasons patients said "No" to the SINC question, yet still received a contraceptive method:

- Patients perceived the question to ask if they want contraceptive counseling on ALL methods
- The following patients were more likely to answer "no" to the SINC question:
 - Patients wanting refills, due for Depo, or removing and reinserting a LARC
 - Patients who already knew the method they wanted to start

 Additionally, there was a small percentage of staff data entry errors

Why Use the SINC Question?

Staff found it a useful screening tool to model affirmative consent in asking patients if they want to discuss contraception.

It removes assumptions that patients coming to a sexual and reproductive health clinic want to talk about contraception.

It reinforced staff to provide brief contraception overview, if patient desired, and focus time on tailored contraceptive counseling.

The SINC is also essential in primary care settings to systematically insert the option to discuss contraception in a visit when the reason for the visit is not related to sexual and reproductive health

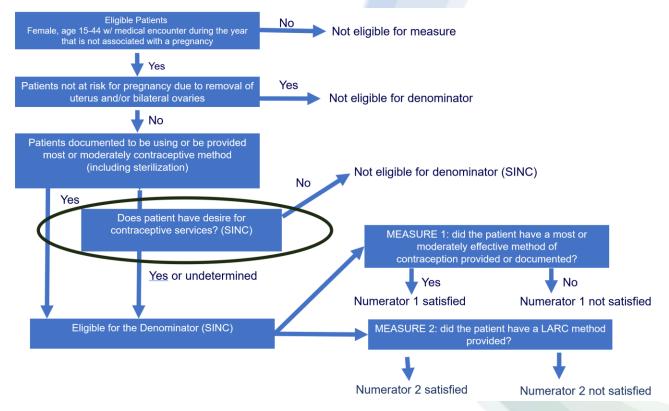


PEER-TO-PEER DISCUSSION



SINC and Contraceptive eCQMs

- Use of SINC also allows for patient-centered measurement of whether people's contraceptive needs are met
 - Excluding those who answer no to SINC from the denominator of the measure





SINC Considerations: Frequency of Ask

Implementation guidance is to ask at least once per year

• Want to avoid asking too frequently given importance of avoiding appearance of or actual pressure related to reproductive choices

- Options to trigger repeat ask based on patient preference or specific response to initial ask
 - For example, if someone responds "I am here for something else" can have SINC be active for next visit



SINC Considerations: Peripartum Care

- Can (and should) be asked of people in the context of peri-partum care as well
 - Frequent assumptions about that people do or should want to use pregnancy prevention after birth, as opposed to centering patient's own needs
- Documenting at any time in pregnancy or at post-partum visit would be appropriate
 - Given standard of care to providing contraceptive counseling in third trimester, most useful to link it to that time period
- Can be integrated into prenatal care templates



SINC Considerations: Gender

 While initially directed towards those with capacity for pregnancy, also could be applicable more broadly

 Given frequent lack of SOGI data, need to consider how to ensure reach all people with potential for pregnancy if limit who is asked

