

New Hampshire

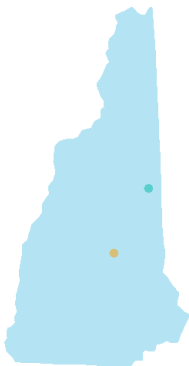
Across the country, the diverse network of health centers supported by Title X (ten) provides a range of essential family planning and sexual health services to patients who might otherwise go without care. This mission has been threatened by the devastating 2019 Title X final rule, which puts patients' access to high-quality care at risk.

CURRENT GRANTEES

\$800,000 • New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services

TITLE X AFTER RULE

2019



LEGEND

- FAMILY PLANNING HEALTH CENTER
- FEDERALLY QUALIFIED HEALTH CENTER (FQHC)
- HEALTH DEPARTMENT
- HOSPITAL
- PLANNED PARENTHOOD

STATE FACTS 2018



25%
BIRTHS FUNDED BY MEDICAID



13,462
UNINSURED WOMEN OF REPRODUCTIVE AGE

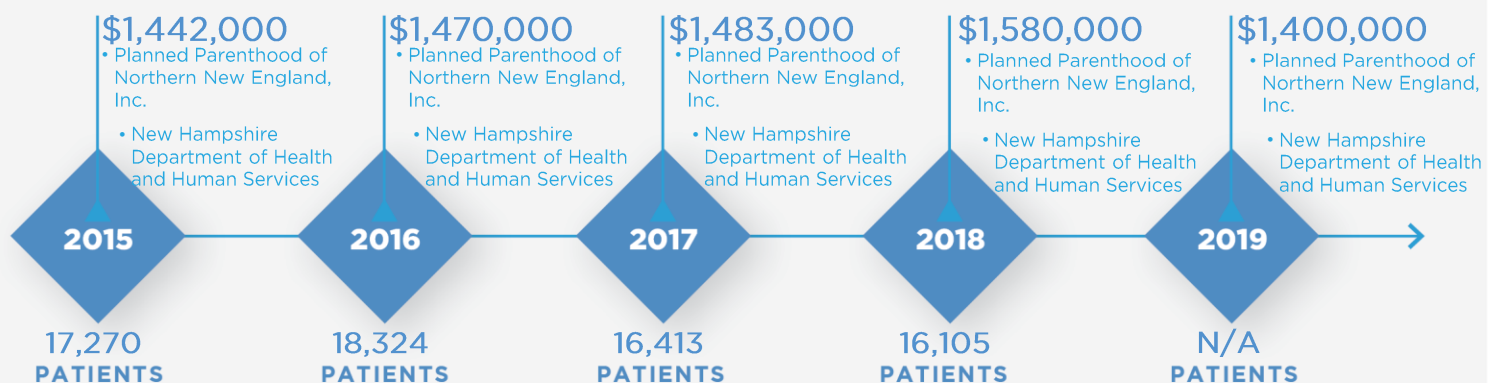


75,000
WOMEN OF REPRODUCTIVE AGE WITH HOUSEHOLD INCOMES AT/BELOW 250% FPL



201%
MEDICAID ELIGIBILITY FOR ADULTS FOR FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES

GRANTEES FIVE-YEAR LOOK BACK



New Hampshire

CASES DIAGNOSED STATEWIDE

36 HIV

14,000 Chlamydia

5,268 Gonorrhea

304 Syphilis

TITLE X PATIENTS BY SEX

Office of Population of Affairs only collects binary sex data.

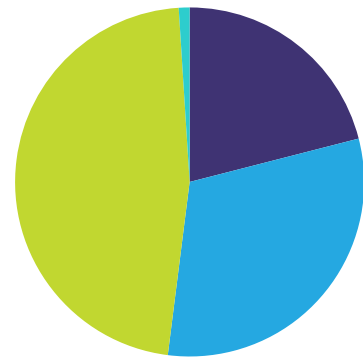


14,008
FEMALE



2,097
MALE

TITLE X PATIENTS BY INSURANCE STATUS



21%
UNINSURED

31%
PUBLIC

47%
PRIVATE

1%
UNKNOWN

TITLE X PATIENTS BY INCOME LEVEL

RELATIVE TO THE FEDERAL POVERTY LEVEL (FPL)

CARE AT NO COST

43%

BELOW 101% OF FPL
Less than \$12,060
for an individual

DISCOUNTED CARE

37%

101%-250% FPL
\$12,060 - \$30,150

FULL PRICE CARE

17%

MORE THAN 250% OF FPL
More than \$30,150

2%

INCOME
UNKNOWN

