

Title X in Texas Improving Public Health and Saving Taxpayer Dollars

Between FY2010 - FY2013, funding for Title X was cut by \$39.2 million— 12.3% in three fiscal years.

Title X Served 175,073 Texas Residents in 2013

The Women's Health and Family Planning Association of Texas is the sole Title X grantee in Texas, supporting 92 Title X-funded health centers across the state.ⁱ The Title X network served 163,846 women and 11,227 men, for a total of 175,073 residents of Texas in 2013.ⁱⁱ

Title X provides high-quality family planning services and other preventive health care to low-income and uninsured individuals who may otherwise lack access to health care.

- Of the 175,073 patients served, 75% had incomes below 101% of the federal poverty level (FPL), *meaning they earned* \$11,490 a year or less.^{III}
- Ninety-three percent of Title X patients in Texas earned less than \$28,725 a year (250% of the FPL).^{iv}

Title X Saves Texas Residents' Taxpayer Dollars

Title X supports critical infrastructure needs that are not reimbursable under Medicaid or commercial insurance, such as staff salaries, individual patient education, community-level outreach, and public education about family planning, women's health, and sexual health issues. Without Title X, access to high-quality family planning services for low-income Texas residents would not be possible.

- The average cost of a Medicaid-funded birth is \$12,613.^v In 2008, births resulting from unintended pregnancies cost Texas's taxpayers \$1,341 million.^{vi}
- The Title X program helps alleviate these costs by preventing unintended pregnancy through contraception, counseling, and other services.^{vii}

Title X is Essential to Improving Public Health and Saving Taxpayer Dollars in Texas

Cutting funding for family planning services will lead to more unintended pregnancies and higher health care costs in Texas. Family planning helps women and families plan the timing and spacing of their pregnancies, which results in better educational attainment and economic security; these, in turn, are linked to better health outcomes for women and families.

- Family planning services at Texas's Title Xfunded health centers helped prevent 32,600 unintended pregnancies in 2012, which would likely have resulted in 16,200 unintended births and 11,100 abortions.viii
- Without publicly funded family planning, the number of unintended pregnancies in Texas would be 15% higher.^{ix}
- Title X-funded services produce significant cost savings to the federal and state governments; services provided at Title X-

Texas's Title X-funded health centers provide a wide range of services:

- Pregnancy testing
- Contraceptive services
- Pelvic exams
- Screening for cervical and breast cancer
- Screening for high blood pressure, anemia, and diabetes
- Screening for STDs and HIV/AIDS
- Infertility services
- Health education
- Referrals for other health and social services

supported sites in Texas accounted for \$292.7 million in such savings in 2010 alone.×

Additional cuts to Title X funding—especially in the current economy—would harm tens of thousands of low-income and poor families throughout Texas, in turn costing, not saving, the federal government money.

^{III} Ibid.

^{iv} Ibid.

ⁱ US Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Population Affairs, "Title X Family Planning Database," accessed September 22, 2014, https://opa-fpclinicsdb.icfwebservices.com.

ⁱⁱ Fowler, C. I., Gable, J., & Wang, J. (2014, November). Family Planning Annual Report: 2013 national summary. Research Triangle Park, NC: RTI International. Accessed January 23, 2015. http://www.hhs.gov/opa/pdfs/fpar-2013-nationalsummary.pdf.

^v Guttmacher Institute, *Public Costs from Unintended Pregnancies and the Role of Public Insurance Programs in Paying for Pregnancy and Infant Care: Estimates for 2008* (October 2013), accessed September 22, 2014 http://www.guttmacher.org/pubs/public-costs-of-UP.pdf

^{vi} Guttmacher Institute, *State Facts About Title X and Family Planning: Texas* (2012), accessed September 22, 2014 ://www.guttmacher.org/statecenter/title-X/TX.html

vii Guttmacher Institute, Contraceptive Needs and Services, 2010, accessed September 22, 2014

http://www.guttmacher.org/pubs/win/contraceptive-needs-2010.pdf

viii Guttmacher Institute, State Facts About Title X and Family Planning: Texas

^{ix} Ibid.

[×] Ibid.