

## Patient-Centered Specialty Practice Designation

**#NFPRHA1** 

## NCQA's

Patient-Centered Medical Home and

Patient-Centered Specialty Practice Recognition Programs

# What are the PCMH and PCSP Programs?

The PCMH program "is a way of organizing primary care that emphasizes care coordination and communication to transform primary care into "what patients want it to be."" (NCQA)

The PSCP Recognition program extends these medical home concepts to specialists.

## Why pursue PCMH or PCSP?

What are the benefits?

What does it take to achieve it?

Is it worth the work?

# Who is eligible for the PCMH and PCSP programs?

### **PCHM** eligibility

 Provide first contact, continuous, comprehensive, whole person care for patients across the practice – for at least 75% of patients

### **PCSP** eligibility

 Nonprimary care specialty docs, NPs, PAs, certified nurse midwives, behavior health providers

#### The Vision for a PCMH

In a patient-centered medical home, patients receive the right care, in the right amount, at the right time.

Medical homes can lead to higher quality and lower costs, and can improve patient and provider experiences of care.

#### The Vision for a PCSP

Patient-centered specialty practices demonstrate patient-centered care and clinical quality. They use streamlined referral processes and coordinate care with referring clinicians. They have timely patient and caregiver-focused care management and conduct continuous clinical quality improvement.

## What do PCMHs and PCSPs do, and how do they do it?

- They provide team-based care.
- They coordinate with other providers.
- They work to improve patient access and involvement, and meet cultural/linguistic needs.
- They utilize systematic approaches to tracking and to performance measurement.

## What are the hoped for results?

- Lower costs
- Better care
- Higher satisfaction

# What does it take to achieve recognition?

- Leadership and Practice Culture
  - Commitment to Transformation
  - Commitment to Patient-Centered Care
  - Commitment to Team-Based Care

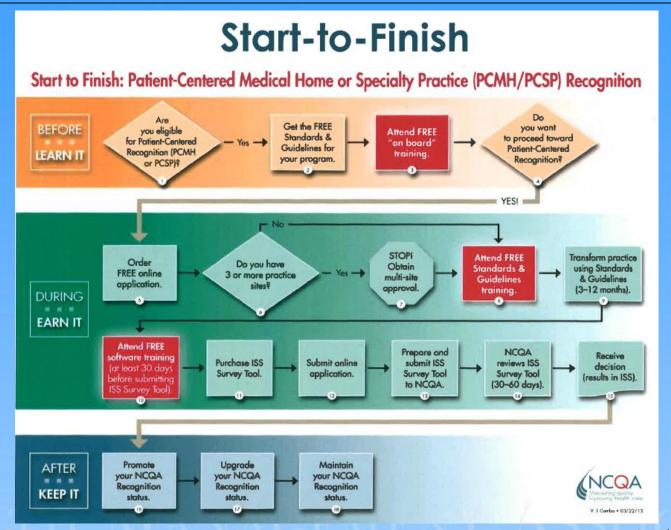
Formal Approach to Quality Improvement

# What does it take to achieve recognition?

- Time and Resources
  - At least 6-12 months
    - Often, up to 18 months
  - Involvement from multiple staff
    - Clinical, administrative, and EHR staff
    - Executive/leadership staff
    - A dedicated project manager

Note: Some organizations report up to 800 hours of staff time to make changes, document processes, and submit paperwork.

# What are the "nuts and bolts" of the NCQA PCSP Process?



# Areas of Focus for PCSP (The Standards)

### PCSP focuses on the following:

- handling referrals well
- making sure patients have access
- communicating well with patients
- coordinating patient populations, planning and managing care, tracking care
- measuring and improving performance

## Standards

#### **Standard**

**Track and Coordinate Referrals** 

**Provide Access and Communication** 

Identify, Coordinate Patient Populations

Plan and Manage Care

Track and Coordinate Care

Measure and Improve Performance

## Elements

#### **PCSP 1: Track and Coordinate Referrals**

**22.00 points** 

The practice coordinates patient care with primary care practices, referring clinicians and patients to ensure a timely exchange of information.

Element A: Referral Process and Agreements	9.00 p	oints
The practice has a written process for implementing and managing referrals with PCPs and other referring clinicians including:		No
<ol> <li>Formal and informal agreements with a subset of referring clinicians based on established criteria.</li> </ol>		
<ol><li>Specified methods of communication with PCPs and the referring clinician (if not the PCP).</li></ol>		
<ol><li>Specified method of communicating with the patient/family/caregiver about specialist's plan of care.</li></ol>		
4. Specified co-management or transition strategy for selected patients.		
<ol><li>Confirmation of receipt and acceptance of referral with date and time of the appointment.</li></ol>		
6. Specified information needed from referring clinician about patients.		
<ol><li>Specified information and timing of the referral response to PCPs and referring clinicians (if not the PCP).</li></ol>		
<ol><li>Type and method of communication with the patient and family/caregiver about results and treatment.</li></ol>		

Scoring

100%	75%	50%	25%	0%
The practice	The practice	The practice	No scoring option	The practice
meets 6-8	meets 4-5	meets 2-3		meets 0-1
factors	factors	factors		factors

## **Overall Scoring**

- Level 1: 25–49 points and all 5 mustpass elements
- Level 2: 50–74 points and all 5 mustpass elements
- Level 3: 75–100 points and all 5 mustpass elements

## **Lessons Learned**

#### Important to:

- Build buy in and understanding of the process
- Build on (or build) a culture of transformation
- Ensure you have clear and tangible support from leadership
- Get everyone moving toward team-based care and working at the top of license
- Start the processes early
- Don't underestimate the work involved
- Remember this is a step not a destination

## What resources are available to help?

- www.ncqa.org
- Toolkit (in process)
- NCQA staff
- TA providers
- "Early Adopters"



# Patient-Centered Specialty Practice Recognition

Henrietta S. Milward, RN, BS, PCMH CCE

April 27, 2015

## National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA)

Private, independent non-profit health care quality oversight organization founded in 1990

#### **MISSION**

To improve the quality of health care.

#### VISION

To transform health care through quality measurement, transparency, and accountability.

#### **ILLUSTRATIVE PROGRAMS**

- \* HEDIS Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set
- \* Health Plan Accreditation \* Clinician Recognition/PCMH/PCSP
- \* Disease Management \* ACO Accreditation
- \* Wellness & Health Promotion Accreditation
- \* Health Plan Rankings \* Case Management Accreditation



# Atul Gawande on Fragmented Care....

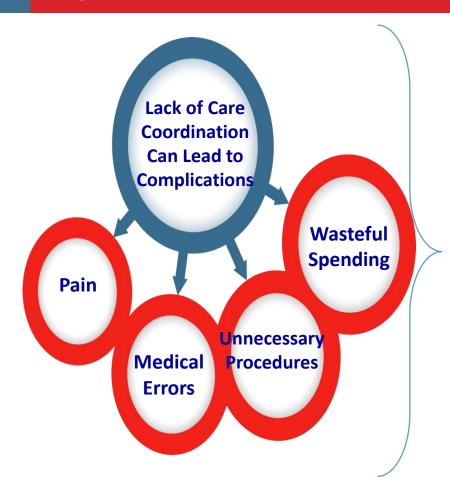
...."pieces of [care] don't fit together" because we haven't turned [care] into a system, a team of capabilities, of people with their capabilities...."



From NCQA's December 2012 Policy Conference

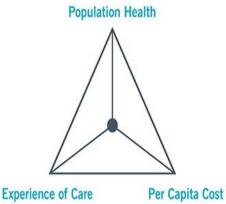


# Addressing the Burden of Uncoordinated Care



The Institute of
Medicine has
estimated that care
coordination
initiatives
addressing these
complications could
result in \$240
billion in healthcare
savings.<sup>2</sup>

Leading us
one step
closer to
achieving the
triple aim





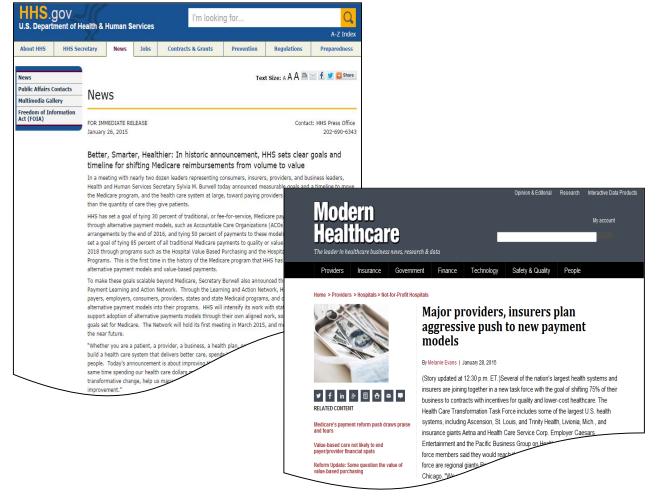
## The Medical Neighborhood is the answer...



- More efficient use of services
   Lab, imaging, ER,
   hospitalization, return to PCP,
   systematic patient care
   management, EHR, generic
   medications
- Improved patient experience
   Access, coordination,
   clinician collaboration,
   involvement in care
- Continuous quality improvement, use of evidence-based guidelines, medication management



## Future of Reimbursement-Payments Tied to Value





# Care Integration and Coordination

Accountable Care Organizations (ACO): Provider-Based governing body responsible for provision of resources to meet the Triple Aim

Patient-Centered Specialty Practice (PCSP): Coordinated Care

Patient-Centered Medical Home (PCMH): "Whole Person" Comprehensive Care



## Why Coordination of Care?

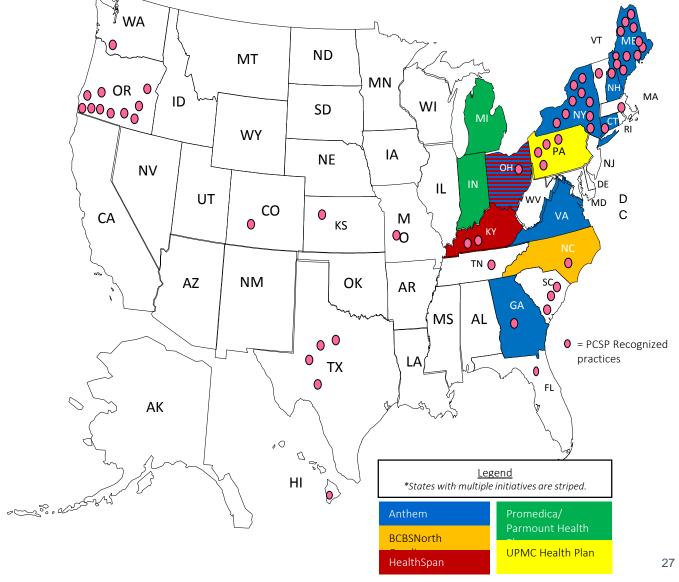
- PCPs and specialists can benefit from structure and guidelines to establish and maintain good communication<sup>1</sup>
- Effective collaborative arrangements may result in reduction in use of unnecessary care<sup>2</sup>
- State and private payer PCMH initiatives include specialists (e.g. VT, BCBSNC)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Foy, R., Hempel, S., Rubenstein, L., Suttorp, M., Seelig, M., Shanman, R., Shekelle, P.G. (2010). Metaanalysis: effect of interactive communication between collaborating primary care physicians and specialists. *Annals of Internal Medicine*, 152 (4), 247-258.

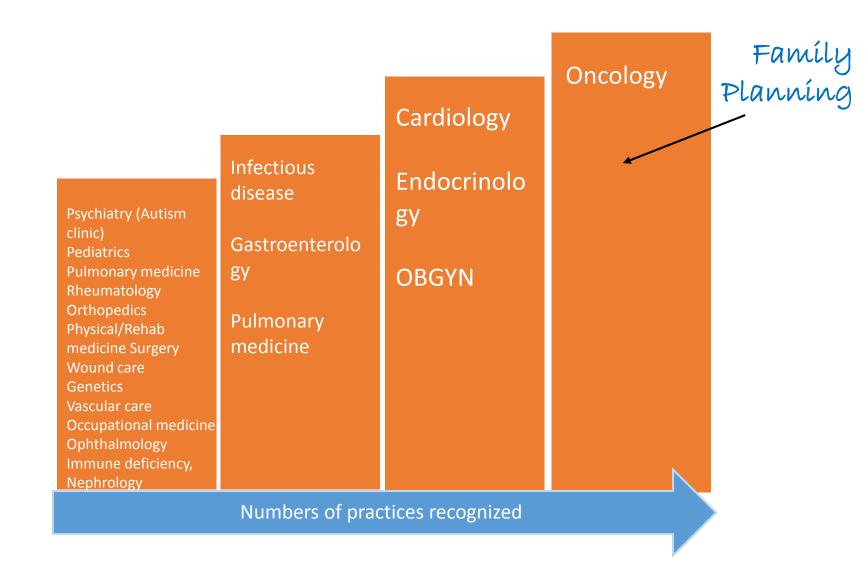


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Peikes, D., Taylor, E.F., Lake, T., Nysenbaum, J., Peterson, G., Meyers, D. (2011) Coordinating Care in the Medical Neighborhood: Critical Components and Available Mechanisms. AHRQ

Commercial Payer Incentives
Programs Using PCSP Recognition



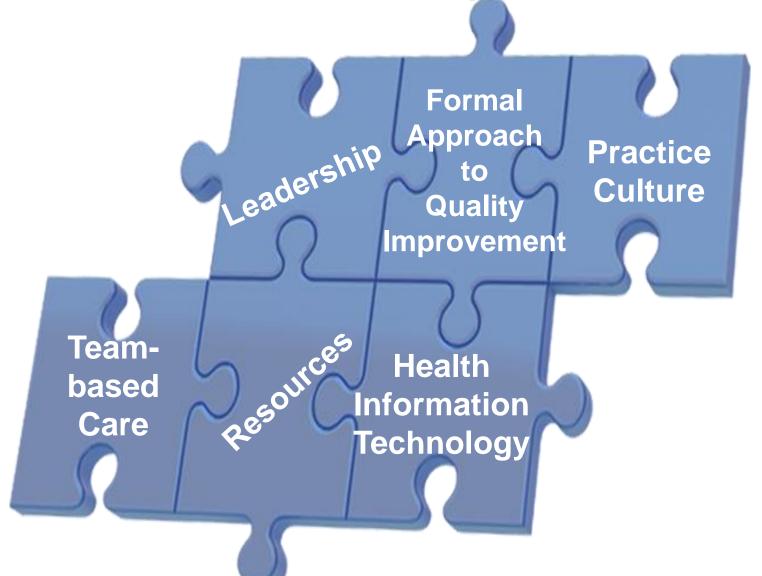
## Recognitions by Specialty Type



## Key Aims of the Program: Possible Challenges for Family Planning Practices?

- Patient access (timely appointments and advice)
- 2. Agreements with PCP to coordinate care
- Timely information exchange with PCP
- 4. Timely referral summary to referring clinician
- 5. Care plan coordination with PCP
- Communication with patient and PCP
- 7. Reduced duplication of tests
- 8. Measure performance
- 9. Alignment with Meaningful Use Requirements

# Lessons Learned: What does it Take to Achieve Recognition?



## Why Become a PCSP?

- Operational efficiency Maximize the use of practice capacity
- Cost reduction/avoidance Cover overhead the variable cost of additional office hours is almost exclusively labor costs.
- Risk mitigation Reduce the risk of legal liability though good documentation & adherence to policies/procedures > Lower malpractice insurance premiums
- Value-based performance Prepare for reimbursement methods (private & public) that pay-for-value (quality vs cost) > Enhanced payer reimbursement & Preferred Provider status
- **Employer of choice** Improve staff retention to avoid practice disruption (it is less expensive than hiring/training new staff)
- Quality of Care/Practice of choice Stand out in a competitive marketplace - Attract new patients and their families (while retaining current patients)



## NCQA Contact Information

#### Visit NCQA Web Site at <a href="https://www.ncqa.org">www.ncqa.org</a> to:

- ✓ Follow the Start-to-Finish Pathway
- ✓ View Frequently Asked Questions
- ✓ View Recognition Programs Training Schedule

## Contact NCQA Customer Support at 1-888-275-7585

M-F, 8:30 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. ET to:

- ✓ Acquire standards documents, application account, survey tools
- ✓ Questions about your user ID, password, access

## For questions about interpretation of standards or elements to <a href="My NCQA">My NCQA</a>

Select Policy/Program Support- Recognition Programs

## Our PCSP Experience

Sandra Williams, MPA Senior Director, MIC Women's Health Services



MIC WOMEN'S HEALTH SERVICES

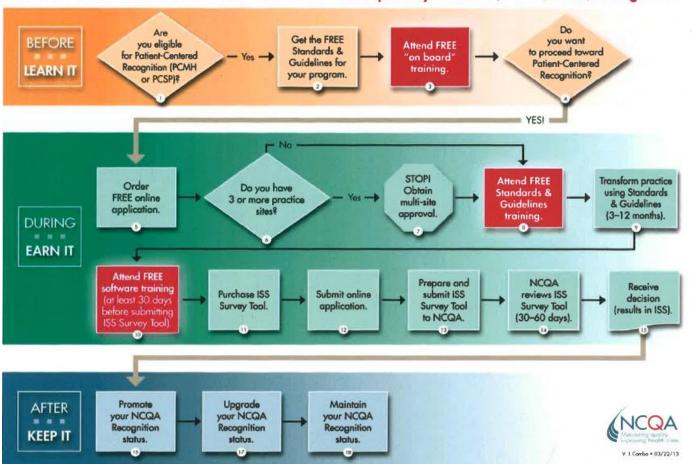
A Program of Public Health Solutions

## **Objectives**

- Understand the certification process
- Understand the organizational commitment:
  - Before, during, and after recognition

# The PCSP Recognition Process Start-to-Finish

Start to Finish: Patient-Centered Medical Home or Specialty Practice (PCMH/PCSP) Recognition



#### APPENDIX 1 PCSP SCORING

#### Scoring Summary

Recognition Levels	Required Points	Must-Pass Elements
Level 1	25-49 points	5 of 5 elements are required for each level
Level 2	50-74 points	<ul> <li>Score for each Must-Pass element must be &gt; or =</li> </ul>
Level 3	75-100 points	50%

17170 CT	100	Points, 22 Elements, 5 Must-Pass Elements	120022	U	pdated 3/25/2	2014
Points	Page	Standard/Element	Our Progress	11/25 Score	Upon Completion Percentage	Upon Completion Score
22	PCSP	1: Track and Coordinate Referrals				
9	27	Element A: Referral Process and Agreements	3/8-50%	4.5	100%	9
5	31	Element B: Referral Consent	4/7-75%	3.75	75%	3.75
8	33	Element C: Referral Response	5/8-75%	6	75%	6
18	PCSP :	2: Provide Access and Communication		V-		
5	36	Element A: Access	6/8-100%	5	100%	5
2	39	Element B: Electronic Access	1/6-25%	0.5	75%	1.5
4	42	Element C: Specialty Practice Responsibilities	0/3-0%	0	100%	4
2	43	Element D: Culturally & Linguistically Appropriate Services (CLAS)	4/4- 100%	2	100%	2
5	44	Element E: Practice Team	5/7-100%	5	100%	5
19	PCSP 3: Identify and Coordinate Patient Populations					
3	47	Element A: Patient Information	11/14- 100%	3	100%	3
4	50	Element B: Clinical Data	9/10-100%	4	100%	4
3	53	Element C: Coordinate Patient Populations	0/5-0%	0	75%	2.25
18	PCSP .	4: Plan and Manage Care	A. C.	-		
11	55	Element A: Care Planning and Support Self-Care	1/8-0%	0	100%	11
5	59	Element B: Medication Management	2/6-25%	1.25	100%	5
2	61	Element C: Use Electronic Prescribing	2/5-75%	1.5	100%	2
16	PCSP !	5: Track and Coordinate Care	Car and	100		
5	64	Element A: Test Tracking and Follow-Up	8/11-0%	0	100%	5
6	68	Element B: Referral Tracking and Follow-Up	2/9-25%	1.5	75%	3.75
5	73	Element C: Coordinate Care Transitions	2/6-50%	2.5	100%	5
16	PCSP 6: Measure and Improve Performance					
5	77	Element A: Measure Performance	1/5-50%	2.5	75%	3.75
5	80	Element B: Measure Patient/Family Experience	0/4-0%	0	100%	5
4	82	Element C: Implement & Demonstrate Continuous Quality Improvement	0/9-0%	0	75%	3
2	84	Element D: Report Performance	0/3-0%	0	75%	1.5
0	85	Element E: Use Certified Technology	3/7- N/A	-	7.44.5	120
-				43		89.50

	KEY:
	MUST PASS= 50% SCORE
	POOR PERFORMANCE- FOCUS OUR ATTENTION
	PASS
	GOOD PERFORMANCE- STRENGTHS
Г	MU= MEANINGEULUSE

## Scoring

Assess sites against Standards & Guidelines

### **PCSP Recognition Standards**

- Track and Coordinate Referrals
- Provide Access and Communication
- Identify and Coordinate Patient Populations
- Plan and Manage Care
- Track and Coordinate Care
- Measure and Improve Performance

### Our Approach

- 2 Sites
- Title X- Meaningful Use
- eClinical Works = EHR

### **Operational Changes**

- Administrative:
  - More detailed information recorded, tracked (clinical guidelines, medication reconciliation)
  - Patient Portal
  - Update Referral tracking & EHR documentation
- Clinical:
  - Coordination/Management of Care

### Organizational Commitment

- Dedicated team needed (multidisciplinary)
- Medical Provider-care delivery changes
- Financial commitment

### **Benefits**

- Short-Term:
  - Improved communication with patients
  - Improved coordination with other physicians

#### • Long-Term:

- Improve quality of patient experience
- Create channels for more referrals, increase patient flow
- Leverage for reimbursement contracts with Managed Care Plans

### Challenges

- Staff time commitment
- Provider training
- Adequate monitoring of new processes

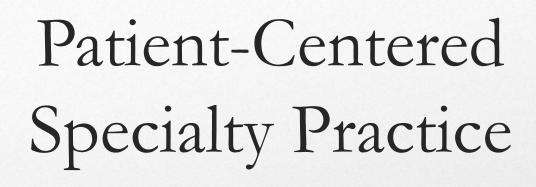
### Tips

- Realistic Scoring
- Document Everything
- Watch 'How To' webinars
- Organize binder with standards, score sheets, webinars
- Schedule routine team meetings
- Implement tracking system
- Train staff early in the process
- Review current policies compared to standards

### Thank you!

#### Sandra Williams, MPA

Senior Director of MIC Women's Health Services swilliams@healthsolutions.org



Adagio Health Inc. – Western PA Title X Grantee

Linda Snyder, DrPH

### A bit of history...

- Adagio Health was in the process of accreditation through the AAAHC
- NFPRHA's Leadership Learning Collaborative opportunity
- CDC/OPA Quality Family Planning Guidelines

# Comparing QFP with PCSP...

#### Title X Family Planning

- Social services and referrals to/from other agencies
- Coordination & use of referral arrangements with other health care providers
- Access / LEP / Needs Assessments
- Project evaluation and outcomes

#### NCQA - PCSP

- 1. Track & Coordinate Referrals
- 2. Provide Access & Communication
- 3. Identify & Coordinate Patient Populations
- 4. Plan & Manage Care
- 5. Track & Coordinate Care
- 6. Measure & Improve Performance

### PCSP Corporate Application

- Numerous Adagio Health-owned medical offices throughout western PA
- Met eligibility requirements for submission of a corporate application
- Provided a list of 14 elements to address at the corporate level, with at least 9 being answered
- Score from corporate survey is transferred to each individual site as a baseline for their survey

### The Adagio Health Process

- Core team of six senior staff
- Focused work began late spring 2014
- New Policy & Standards Manual (key policies July 2014, full manual October 2014)
- Selection of our "Flagship Office"

### Staff Involvement

• Met weekly beginning July 2014 through survey submission in December 2014

Corporate

Process

Grid

- Smaller teams identified to address certain elements and factors
- Individual work on certain components
- Summaries back to the team for review, discussion, approval
- Corporate survey submitted late December 2014

### Next Steps

- Submission of individual office-level surveys [likely 10-12 offices]
- Very targeted elements & factors selected to address in the individual office surveys
- Development of very specific and precise processes and clinical /operational pathways to address referrals in, referrals out, care coordination, and communication formalized and measurable
- Individual office level trainings across the region
- Implementation & monitoring

### Lessons Learned

- Ask questions don't assume you completely understand what's required for documentation!
- Establish processes step by step processes that clearly outline each step a staff takes in providing certain services
- Pay attention to data collection and set up your system early in the process – to make sure you can track what's happening
- Network Network Network
   Talk to people who've gone through the process

## Lessons Learned, page 2

- Establish a core leadership team
- Meet frequently & regularly the PCSP process changes how you do business so it needs to be core to everything you do
- Recognize you might not meet all factors

## Why the PCSP?

- Quality, Quality, Quality
- Better alignment with Quality Family Planning Guidelines
- Better care, better health outcomes, reduced redundancies
- Improved collaboration with other health care providers could mean more referrals to our offices resulting in increased revenue
- Potential for improved reimbursements with third party payers

## Questions?

